DOCUMENT R

YOUTHSCAN U.K.

DOCUMENT R

An Initiative of the International Centre for Child Studies

A national study of all children born 5th-11th April 1970 in England, Wales and Scotland originating from the 1970 Birth Cohort of the National Birthday Trust Fund

MEDICAL EXAMINATION FORM



1986/87

STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL

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MD, FRCP, FRCOG, DCH

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PLEASE USE BLOCK CAPITALS	
Teenager's Surname	
Teenager's Forename(s)	(عجمهم) Sex: M [] F []
1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	Postcode
	Date of Birth 0 4 7 0 (5086)
Health District	Today's date day month year (RDC_MT)
Medical Officer:	Status: e.g. SCMO, CMO, etc. MOSTATIA

INTRODUCTORY NOTES

May we take this opportunity to thank you for carrying out this examination on behalf of Youthscan UK. For your assistance, a short instruction manual for health personnel is provided with this examination form. This includes an outline of the historical background of the Study, a near-vision test sheet and some procedural details.

You will need the following equipment for the medical examination:

PROCEDURE:

EQUIPMENT RECOMMENDED:

Height

Steel/wooden measuring rod or steel tape measure. If not available, stadiometer on back

of weighing machine should be used.

Weight

Beam balance, or other accurate apparatus. Please calibrate this to zero initially.

Head Circumference

Paper or plastic-covered tape measure.

Distant Vision

Standard Snellen Chart (or equivalent)

Near Vision

Near Vision card of Sheridan-Gardiner type, reproduced in instruction manual, by kind

permission of the authors.

Blood Pressure

Mercury sphygmomanometer. Please use an adult-size cuff and not small cuff designed

for children. The bladder within the cuff should be deep enough to cover about two-

thirds of the length of upper arm and long enough to circle the arm completely.

Motor Co-ordination

Tests

Tennis or rubber ball: a piece of chalk: stop-watch or a watch with second hand.

Audiogram

Audiometer for sweep audiogram. An audiogram form is provided on this form for

recording result of sweep or pure-tone audiogram.

KEY: undicates ALPANUMERIC (TEXT) In addition, access to all the following will be needed for completion of medical examination form.

Completed Parental Interview Form This will contain some medical and family details.

Health Records etc.

School medical record cards(s); any available screening records, assessment results, hospital reports, etc.; health file on any children with handicap or

disability.

NOTE: IF ONE OR MORE OF THE ABOVE ITEMS IS NOT AVILABLE PLEASE COMPLETE THE MEDICAL EXAMINATION AS FAR AS POSSIBLE.

Introduction

Most, but not all, of the cohort and their parents have already participated in this Study, either in the perinatal period, intermediately, or at five or ten years.

At five and ten years, health visitors of your DHA caried out an extensive review of the health, development and preschool care.

At ten years we were able, through your DHA, to identify members of the cohort who had health problems, disabilities and handicaps. Health Visitors and Community Medical Officers kindly conducted interviews and examinations.

Parents of the teenagers have this time received a letter explaining the 16 year Study, inviting their co-operation and ensuring them of confidentiality.

This time some of the mothers will already have been interviewed at home by a health visitor/school nurse; for the remainder, the home interview could be done subsequently, or accomplished at the same time as the medical examination provided that the mother agrees to attend at that time. The documents needed for the maternal interview consist of The Parental Interview Form (Document O), The Maternal Self-Completion Form (Document P) and The Teenage Leisure Diary (Document S). For the medical examination the following documents are needed (i) The Medical Examination Form (Document R), (ii) The Teenage Health Self-Completion Questionnaire, which should be completed by the teenager at the time of attendance for the medical examination (iii) The Information Manual for Health Personnel (Document N), includes the necessary instructions and contains a Sheridan-Gardiner Near Vision sheet for testing near vision.

Your Local Education Authority has kindly traced the whereabouts of the cohort in your DHA and has arranged a separate school educational assessment of each teenager, including tests of reading, vocabulary, mathematics, matrices and spelling; from this, it will be possible to identify slow learners and teenagers with educational as well as health problems.

THE MEDICAL EXAMINATION FORM IS IN THREE SECTIONS

Section 1. (A) Use of Service, (B) Disabilities (pages 3 and 4)

In order to complete this section fully, you will need to assemble all the teenager's school medical records and all other relevant school health and educational documents. You are asked to pay particular attention to assembling complete records of any teenager who is handicapped, receiving special education, or who has been assessed for special educational needs. You will be asked to provide a summary from the notes of the progress and current status of each such teenager. Even if only partial records are accessible to you, please complete all Sections of this questionnaire as far as possible at the time of the medical examination.

Section 2. (A) Morbidity and Special Senses, (B) Medical Examination (pages 4-9)

Please make sure that the recommended equipment is available. Please read in advance if you have time, the medical history from the Parental Interview Form if already completed. Please read through the medical questions carefully before the examination. If you have time, please try out the co-ordination tests. The medical examination is structured to provide the maximum information while leaving you free to conduct the clinical examination in any way you find optimal. Tests such as distant and near vision and measurements of height, weight, head circumference and blood pressure have been aggregated in the medical examination form, in case it proves expedient to carry those out just prior to the actual clinical examination. Please feel free to undertake the necessary measurements, in the order which best suits the facilities available to you and anyone helping you with the examination.

Section 3: Medical Summary. This is self-explanatory (pages 10 and 11)

Section 4: The Audiogram (page 12)

An Audiogram form is on the last sheet of the examination form. It is presumed that this will be done by sweep audiometry. The form also contains space in case pure-tone audiometry is used. You are asked to record whether the results of sweep audiometry are normal or abnormal and if sweep results are abnormal, to arrange to let us have details of pure-tone audiometry. In instance where sweep audiometry is impossible to arrange, or is delayed unavoidably, the remainder of completed health documents should be sent on to us in advance of the audiogram.

EXAMPLE OF HOW TO COMPLETE QUESTIONS

Has colour vision ever been tested?	
YES ☑]-	If YES, what was the outcome?
NOT KNOWN	Colour vision normal
	Red/green vision impaired
	Other colour loss
	(please describe
This means that colour vision has been tested	BLUE/GREEN IMPAIRMENT
and that there is blue/green imperment.	

SECTION 1A. USE OF SERVICES

ΑΙ.	vynere is this medical examination takir	ig place?			is water	MOUNTAIN	TO CLIMS	,	
	School Child Health Clinic GP Surgery/Health Centre Young person's home Elsewhere Please specify (RAII)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					Indeed	别 ,	
A2. !	Has this study teenager ever had school	medical exami	nation/d	levelopm	nental ch	ecks/visio	on or hear	ina tests)?	
	YES	If YES, at what SEE SEPA! Examinations Development (checks	Ŭ ŚŤ 5	6 7	rried out		apply on each line	
	What screening or preventive procedures have been carried out since study teenager was 10 years old? (include tests, immunisations, screening)	Vision Screening Hearing Tests Other							
	Screening/Other Procedures	Reas				Venue		Age	
A4.	2 (RA3B.I)* (RA3B 3 (RA3C.I)* (RA3C 4 (RA3D.I)* (RA3D	14.1) (RA3Ai 14.1) (RA3B4 14.1) (RA3C1 14.1) (RA3D4 14.1) (RA3E nager has atten	+:2) (R +:2) (A +:2) (A 4:2) (A	АЗВЦЗ САЗСЦ САЗБЦ)(RA38 3)(RA3 3)(RA3 -3)(RA	73 Er h)(3D h-t)(3D h-t)(6 3D h-t)(6V	3B4.5) (A3C4.5) (A3D4.5 (RA3E4	(RA3B4 6)(RA3C4 6 \$)(RA3D4 6)(RA3E4	く で で
	Answer (a) - (f) and tick one box on each line a) Hearing clinic/consultant audiologis b) Eye clinic/consultant ophthalmologi c) Speech therapy	(KV#E-1)	200000	Don't know		YES, why? YES, why?	(RA4 (RA4 (RA4 (RA4)	B.2) 4 C.2) 4	
۹5. ۱	Where does this study teenager live and			es he/sh	ie attend	! ?			
	At home and attends ordinary school At home and attends special unit attached At home and attends day special school In-a residential special school In a hostel and attends day special school In a hospital for the subnormal In any other situation (What?	(RASA	ol			ool institut	ions.	You Should be!	
L		(RASE	3) 4(.
ے ۱ .6. ا	das a decision been reached by a loca	l education au							J ion
	No, and not likely to be required		pleas	se answe	r 6(a) be	given, why (RA	6A.1) A 6A.2) A	d what has	

SECTION 1B. DISABILITIES

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	14.z) x
-(0	17.2)
<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	
there any evidence that this teenager has now	v or has had in the past any significant illness, developm
roblem, defect or handicap?	
(RB2) Tick one box	
YES If YES, pleas	se list conditions in chronological order of appearance on records.
NO	n earliest illness, developmental problem or handicap diagnosed.
Insufficient information	
	Age first
Diagnosis (RB2A.1) * (RB2A.2) *	recorded Disposal
	(RB2A.3) (RB2A.4) +
	(RB28.3) (RB28.4) *
3 (RB2C·1) * (RB2C·2) * 4 (RB2D·1) * (RB2O·2) *	(RB2C.3) (RB2C.4)*
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J. (KO24.2)4	(RB26.3) (RB26.4) *
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(RB3.1) * (RB3.2) * (RB3.3) *	etc.
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Answer (a) -(r) and tick all that apply on each line	Yes, in past 12 months	Yes, previous to past 12 months	Yes, but age not known	No. never	Not known
(a) Recurrent sore throats (3 or more in past year)	:.ı) □				
(c) Any hearing loss, perceptive or conductive (RC3) (d) Eczema (RC3) (e) Hay Fever (RC3) (f) Asthma (RC3) (g) Wheezy bronchitis (RC3) (h) Bronchitis (RC3) (i) Pneumonia (RC3) (j) Pathological heart condition (RC3) (k) Recurrent abdominal pain (RC3) (l) Inguinal hernia (RC3) (m) Urinary infection (RC3) (n) Wet bed more than occasionally since 10 years of age (o) Wet pants in daytime more than occasionally since 10 years of age	.4) () () () () () () () () () () () () ()				
(p) Solled pants at any time since 10 years of age		0		0	
(r) Any other significant illness or disability		0			
Tick each line (a) - (f), and tick one box on each line (a) Maladjustment/behaviour disturbance (b) Depression (c) Aggression (d) Appetite problems (e.g. Anorexia, Butter) (e) Psychosis (f) Neurosis (g) Suicide attempt(s) / threats	. (RC4;2)□ . (RC4;3)□ ulimia etc.)(RC . (RC4;5)□ . (RC4;6)□	Kni]]]]]]	ES to any, pleas	e answer 4(a).
4(a). If YES to any of above, please desc		-4A·1)* -4A·2)*			
C5. DISTANT VISION TEST Test at exactly 20 feet with a standard teenager's eyes and free from glare. Oc Test all teenagers (without glasses) first only teenagers with glasses/lens, wearing	clude opposit t and record re	e eye in usual w	/av.		
1. Crude distant vision without glasses (test all teenagers) (i) Right eye	6	9 12	18 24	36 60	Worse Unable than to 60 test
2. Distant vision, wearing glasses/conta (i) Right eye (RCSB) (ii) Left eye (RCSB)). □				

C3. Has this teenager ever had any of the following conditions?

C6	NEA	R.M	MOIZE	TEST

A Sheridan-Gardiner near-vision chart is provided in the instruction manual. The teenager should hold it in a good
light at a distance of approximately 10 inches away from the eyes. Please occlude the other eye officiant
without pressure on the eyeball. If the teenager cannot read, ask him/her to draw the letters in the air. Test near
vision in all teenagers and then retest only teenagers with glasses/lenses, wearing them

Near Vision wi (all teenagers) (i) Right eye (ii) Left eye	•	6	9	12 	18 	24	36 	60 	Worse than 60	Unable to tes
(i) Right eye	earing glasses/contacts (RC68.1) (RC68.2)									
 In the light of your exdended defect, and does it re 	xamination and the re esult in interference w	cords vith nor	you have	e seen, ooling o	would ye r everyd	ou consi ay funct	der that	there is	any curi	rent visu
No viewel defeat	(RC7)				e box only					
Visual defect — but with mar requ vision Unable to assess (please give reason	no interference h some interference nages school books with uires special school bool on insufficient for special	n difficu ks/visua al books	lty				below	(RC	. please (-7·2) -7·3)	*
	SECTION					ΛΙΛΙΛ Τ				
minute) whilst the te	· · · · - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									
keeping heels on the teenager's head. Ma with a wood or steel	nique: teenager upright aga floor. Heels and butt irk the position of the I measuring rod or st nd observe precaution	ocks st lower eel tap	nould be edge wi e measu	flush ag ith a per ire. Alte	gainst w ncil and rnatively	ourage all or do then me y, use m	him/her or. Place asure th	to stre e a hard e heigh g device	board/bo it from th e on the	ill heigh ok on the
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D5. BLOOD PRESSURE

D8

Please postpone to later in examination if you feel teenager is nervous.

Sphygmomanometer cuff must have bladder long enough to encircle the arm completely and be wide enough to cover two-thirds of the length of the upper arm. The cuff should preferably be at least 5 inches deep. It is realised that you will be experienced in taking blood pressures, but we ask you to follow the instruction.

It is realised that you will be experienced in taking blood pressures, but we ask you to follow the instructions closely for uniformity:—

Sit subject on chair in as relaxed a state as possible. Wrap the cuff around the right upper arm, placing the rubber tubes from the bladder posteriorly for ease of access to right antecubital fossa. Palpate the right radial pulse and inflate the cuff to about 30mm. Hg. above the disappearance of the pulse. Slowly deflate till the pulse reappears. Deflate the cuff.

Place the stethoscope in the antecubital fossa over the brachial artery, but not in contact with any part of the cuff. Rapidly inflate the cuff to about 30mm.Hg. above the systolic pressure and then deflate at a rate of 2-3mm.Hg. per second.

The appearance of faint clear tapping sounds for 2 consecutive beats should be recorded as the Systolic Pressure.

Continue to deflate the cuff and the sounds will soften or may become swishing, then sharper sounds will reappear. With continuing deflation, there will be a sudden muffling of sounds, which will become soft and blowing. This is Korotkoff's 4th sound and represents the *Diastolic Pressure*. Do not wait until the point of complete disappearance of sounds.

EB REW	Heart Under-
(See E)	HEART DON'T
Migranthy	LECCIXX G

(a)	Systolic pressure - taken by auscultation	(RDS.1) mm.
(Б)	Diastolic pressure — taken by auscultation	(ROS.2) mm.

NOW PLEASE MAKE A GENERAL AND SYSTEMIC EXAMINATION OF THE TEENAGER AND ANSWER QUESTIONS BELOW BASED ON YOUR FINDINGS.

D6. Please state whether or not any abnormal condition has been found in any of the following systems in the teenager.

Ans	wer (a) - (o) and tick one how per line	Not	Yes	
(a)	Abnormality of face or general	present	present	If present, describe signs. What is diagnosis?
	disfiguration		\Box \Box	(RD6A.1) (RD6A.Z)4
(b)	Skin abnormality	_		(RD6B.1) (RD6B.2)*
(c)	Upper respiratory abnormality .		<u></u>	(RD6C.1) (RD6C.2)+
(d)	Abnormal respiratory signs/	_		
	conditions			(RD6D.1) (RD6D.2)*
(e)	Cardiovascular abnormality			(RDGE.) (RDGE.Z)*
(f)	Gastrointestinal abnormality		\Box \rightarrow	(BDGF.1) (RDGF.Z)*
(g)	Urogenital tract abnormality			(RD6G-1) (RD6G-2)*
(h)		_	\Box \rightarrow	
(j)	Musculo-skeletal abnormality	<u> </u>		(RD6J.1) (RD6J.2) *
(k)				(RD6K.) (RD6K.Z) *
(0)	Blood or lymphatic abnormality.			(RD6L.1) (RD6L.2) *
(m)	Behavioural or emotional	_		(ab (b)) (a. a)
	problems	\Box	□ -	(RD6M.1) (RD6M.Z) *
	Mental handicap		□ > -	(RD6N.1) (RD6N.2)*
(0)	Other abnormal condition(s) or syndrome(s)		□Դ	(RD60.1) (RD60.2)*
	3,110.101.10(3,1	U		(2000, 2) 8
7. 0	oid your examination reveal an	y of the	following?	
Ansv	wer (a)-(e) and tick one box on each line		io Yes	If YES, please describe:
(a)	Any scars (surgical, burns, etc.)?	· · · · · [ה כ	(RD7A.1) (RD7A.2) *
	Any hernia?			(RD7B.1) (RD7B.2) *
	Any heart murmur?		5 G 5	(RD7C.1) (RD7C.2) *
	Undescended/ectopic testis?		בֿם כ	(RD7D.1) (RD7D.2) **
(e)	Any other abnormality not alread	У		
	stated in question D6?	[(ROTE.1) (ROTE.2)*
s the	re any evidence that this teena	ger has	any	D9. On clinical impression, which of the following
oast o	r present congenital abnormal	ity? (Inc	lude	terms do you consider to be the most accurate
	najor and minor abnormalities)			description of the teenager?
	(RD8) Tick one box			Grassly obese Tick one box
	}····		S, please	Moderately obese (RD9)
NO		desc	ribe below:	Normal build
	(ROB.1) *			Thin
	(0000)*			Vanythin

Not examined

E. MOTOR COORDINATION TESTS

The following four tests will identify a clumsy or inco-ordinate subject as far as this is possible on clinical examination. Such tests are non-specific and difficult to validate, but will be used in conjunction with other findings and the opinions of teachers and parents, recorded elsewhere. The results will inevitably be influenced by the effects of subject's skill and experience. At the end of the tests the examiner is asked to give a considered opinion as to the degree of clumsiness or inco-ordination.

Please test all Youthscan teenagers except those who are grossly handicapped or those who are incapable of understanding the test(s). In these instances, please enter the reason after question E4.

E1. THROWING A BALL IN THE AIR

You will need a tennis ball, or a rubber ball of equivalent size and weight.

The important point about this test is to discover the subject's optimum performance. We would therefore be grateful if you would carry out the test in the following way:

Ask the subject to stand in a space so that he/she has room to move. Say 'I want you to show me if you can throw the ball up in the air and catch it'. Allow two or three initial attempts. If the subject fails to catch the ball, record the fact and do not proceed with the test.

If the subject can catch the ball, say 'Now throw the ball up in the air and clap your hands together once before you catch it.' Then repeat the procedure increasing the number of claps until the subject fails on two successive attempts. Record the greatest number of claps resulting in a successful catch.

If the greatest number of claps was 2 or more, ask him/her to repeat the test, catching with one hand only. Let him/her use preferred hand.

RESULT	INITIAL THROW	Could not catch ball Caught ball		nt ball answer d 1(b)
1(a). If caugi	nt ball successfully, please um number of claps achiev	continue with test and record the ed before catching with two han	ne (RGII)	
the ball	with the preferred hand, a	, please continue test catching nd record the maximum catching with preferred hand	(RE1.2)	CLAP! CU
GURE DRAW	ING ON PALM OF HAN	D: (GRAPHESTHESIA)		

E2.

You will need a blunt point, for example a biro with tip retracted.

x	0	3

Ask the subject to place both his/her hands on a table, palms uppermost. Using the blunt point, firmly describe a figure 8 on the subject's right palm. Take two seconds to draw it, and allow the subject to watch. Ask him/her what you liave drawn.

Now please show the subject the 4 figures reproduced above, and ask the subject to name each one.

Ask subject to close his/her eyes. Draw the first figure indicated in the following list on the right palm and ask what it was. Record whether correct, incorrect or uncertain. Continue drawing the figures on the palm indicated and record the results. Please do not repeat any part of the test.

If the subject is non-verbal, ask him/her to point to the correct shape rather than name it.

NOTE: DO NOT LET THE SUBJECT SEE THIS SCORE SHEET

			line.	Response	Response	Response
			(Figures)	correct	incorrect	uncertain
(a)		(RE2.1)		П	П	
(b)	Left palm	(RE 2.2)	\overline{x}	ā	Ä	
c)	Right palm	(RE2.3)	0	ñ	'n	Ü
d)	Left palm	(RE2.4)) \square	ā	Ä	
e)	Right palm	(RGZ.S)) 3	ñ	ä)[
f)	Left palm	(RG 2.6)	ه (
g)	Right palm	(RE2.7)	X	'n		
h)	Left palm	(RE2.8)	3)[



E3. STANDING ON ONE LEG: (30 SECONDS)

Please make sure the subject has no shoes on.

Ask the subject to stand on his/her right leg with the left foot against the knee of the right leg, hands on hips. Ask him/her to settle for a moment, then to keep the position for 30 seconds.

Watch the position of hands and feet and record how soon the hands move from the hips or the feet move. Repeat the test with subject standing on the left leg, and time in same way.

Right leg: 30 seconds a) Did foot/feet move before 30 seconds? No (RE3AAI)	Left leg: 30 seconds a) Did foot/feet move before 30 seconds? No
Yes If YES, after how many seconds? (RE3AA3E)	Yes
b) Did hand(s) move before 30 seconds? No	b) Did hand(s) move before 30 seconds? No
Comments, if any: (RE3c)+c	
WALKING BACKWARDS (10 STEPS)	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1

E4.

Find a straight line on the floor at least 4 metres long, e.g. the groove of a floorboard, or mark one out with chalk. Use a corridor if the examination room is not long enough

Ask the subject to put his/her hands on hips and then to walk backwards along the line, placing one foot behind the other, toe-to-heel.

First demonstrate the test, saying 'I want you to walk like this. Remember your toes must touch your heel with each step you take. Keep your hands on your hips. Walk backwards in a straight line. You may glance behind you if it helps'.

Let the subject have two practices by asking him/her to walk backwards for 5 steps on each occasion.

Then ask the subject to walk backwards for 20 steps. Count the number of steps made before any error occurs. An error occurs if the subject ceases to maintain toe-to heel or deviates from the line or moves either hand from hips. If an error is made in the first 5 steps, continue to count the number of steps until the next error.

RESULT Number of consecutive steps (or between an error in the fire Comments, If any: (REHB)	st 5 steps and the next erro	(REHA)	
If these tests are not done, give reason	(RE4C-1)*	(RE4C.2) *	

E5. From your observations, which of the following phrases do you consider best describes the teenager?

	(RES) Tick one box
Normal limb co-ordination.	
Questionably clumsy	
Mildly clumsy	
Moderately clumsy	
Markedly clumsy	
Unable to assess	



E6. PULSE RATE AT END OF EXAMINATION

Would you please settle the teenager and after at least 2 minutes take the teenager's pulse rate again for at least 60 seconds, with the teenager sitting.

Pulse rate at end of examination	(AE6) beats in 1 minute

MEDICAL SUMMARY SUMMARY OF CONDITIONS FOUND AND CONCLUSIONS noo by examination or from history that this teenaer had/has

Condition the teenagers home or school progress. Nature of problem/defect/handicap REFAIA REFIASA	Constant to	"Nabas Bodly Jays 1—" Tow tema a valuable— lect fourto decable Tels I at Other "Thank"
On the teenagers home or school progress. Noture of problem/defect/handicap (RFA1A) (RFIA1E) (RFIA1A)		
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4. (RFIA HA) * (RFIA HA) * 5. (RFIA SA) * (RFIA SA) * 6. (RFIA SA) * (RFIA SA) * 6. (RFIA SA) * (RFIA SA) * 6. (RFIA SA) * 7. (RFIA SA) *		
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RETAGE As your medical examination and scrutiny of the teenager's documents revealed tondition(s) or symptom(s) which have not previously been diagnosed or are not alrest and the condition(s) or symptom(s) which have not previously been diagnosed or are not alrest and the condition of the condition(s) for which teenager is already receiving observation of the condition(s) present of which teenager is not receiving observation of the condition(s) present of which teenager is not receiving observation of the condition(s) present of which teenager is not receiving observation of treatment condition of the condition(s) and give your recommendation(s) regarding necessary ongetteetment for each condition. 1. (RF3A.1) & (RF3A.2) &		
das your medical examination and scrutiny of the teenager's documents revealed the condition(s) or symptom(s) which have not previously been diagnosed or are not alrest condition(s) or symptom(s) which have not previously been diagnosed or are not alrest condition(s). If YES, please answer 2(a) below. NO	<u> </u>	D
As your medical examination and scrutiny of the teenager's documents revealed tondition(s) or symptom(s) which have not previously been diagnosed or are not alre (RF2) YFS NO DON'T KNOW 2(a). Please list each problem/condition not previously diagnosed or not already under observation. (RF2A.1) & (RF2A.2) & (RF2A.3) & O you consider that this teenager has any condition(s) requiring ongoing medical observation of the same of th	, us)	_
CRF2 HYES, please answer 2(a) below.	U	[J
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NO		
NO		
YES, condition(s) for which teenager is already receiving observation or treatment YES, condition(s) present of which teenager is not receiving observation or treatment CAN'T SAY 3(a) Please state condition(e) and give your recommendation(s) regarding mecessary ongettreatment for each condition. 1. (RF3A.1) # (RF3A.2) #	or treatment fo	or any reason?
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2. (RF3A.3) * (RF3A.4) *	Go_	1011(3) 01
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	Go_	
	Go_	
3. (RF3A.5) * (RF3A.6) *	Go_	

(RFI	onal documents relating to such condition(s).
(RFL	+·1) +
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PLEASE ADD	HERE FURTHER ANSWER(S) TO ANY QUESTIONS WHERE THERE WAS INSUFFIC
SPACE ON THI	S FORM.
(RFS)	
(RF5.1) *
	
 	
SPACE FOR A	NY COMENTS BY SCM (CHILD HEALTH) OR PERSON WHO ACTS AS CENTRAL ST
CO-OKDINATO	R Please include here any details from missing or centrally-held child health records.
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<u></u>	<u>) **</u>
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THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR YOUR HELP.



Survey Mul	Hoe	•	٠
	Plea	r.\	٠.

Please photostat this form rather than detach, if separate

Teenage		-	SECTION 4	. AU	DIO	GRAM		rather compl	than deta etion is in	ach, if se dicated	epara '.
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	r's Forena	me(s)						Date	of birth .		
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CONTINUATION OF R QUESTIONNAIRE

RA2

AGES	5 10	6	7	8 13	9 14	15
EXAMS	. (RA2A.1)	(RA2A.2)	(RA2A.3)	(RA2A.4)	(RA2A.5)	
	(RA2A.6)	(RA2A.7)	(RA2A.8)	(RA2A.9)	(RA2A.10)	(RA2A.11)
EV CHECKS	.(RA2B.1)	(RA2B.2)	(RA2B.3)	(RA2B.4)	(RA2B.5)	
	(RA2B.6)	(RA2B.7)	(RA2B.8)	(RA2B.9)	(RA2B.10)	(RA2B.11)
/ISION SCREEN	.(RA2C.1)	(RA2C.2)	(RA2C.3)	(RA2C.4)	(RA2C.5)	
	(RA2C.6)	(RA2C.7)	(RA2C.8)	(RA2C.9)	(RA2C.10)	(RA2C.11)
IEARING TESTS	(RA2D.1)	(RADC.2)	(RA2D.3)	(RA2D.4)	(RA2D.5)	
	(RA2D.6)	(RA2D.7)	(RA2D.8)	(RA2D.9)	(RA2D.10)	(RA2D.11)
THER	.(RA2E.1)	(RA2E.2)	(RA2E.3)	(RA2E.4)	(RA2E.5)	
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