

# 1970 British Cohort Study at age 51: explore the new data

19 March 2025

Centre for Longitudinal Studies, UCL Social Research Institute

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## Introductions

- Vanessa Moulton, Senior Research Fellow
- Carole Sanchez, Survey Manager (Senior Research Fellow)
- Sam Parsons, Principal Research Fellow
- George Ploubidis, Director of the BCS70

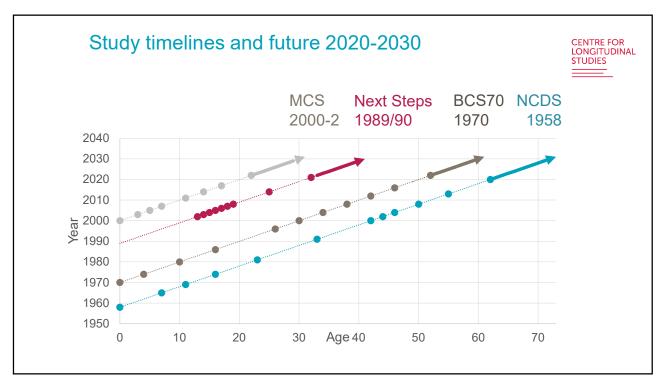
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## Plan for today

- Overview of BCS70 and resources
- Access to the data
- What's in the BCS70 Age 51 survey
- Age 51 Survey: methodology
- Some initial findings including comparisons to the 1958 cohort
- Q&A to the panel\*

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BCS	7 <u>0</u> A	stuc	dy of	every	one b	orn i	n one	week	in 19	70 (GB	5)
	1970	1975	1980	1986	1996	2000	2004	2008	2012	2016	2021-24
	Birth	5	10	16	26	30	34	38	42	46	51-53
main respondent	mother	parents	parents	cohort member / parents	cohort member	cohort member	cohort member	cohort member	cohort member	cohort member	cohort member
others		school	school	school			children (1 in 2)				
medical	medical exam	medical exam Ht	medical exam Ht/Wt	medical exam Ht/Wt	Ht/Wt	Ht/Wt	Ht/Wt		Ht/Wt	biomedical blood (DNA) Ht/Wt accelerometer	Ht/Wt
survey instruments		cognitive mental h.	cognitive mental h.	diet diary cognitive mental h.	mental h.	mental h.	mental h.		cognitive mental h.	diet diary cognitive mental h.	cognitive mental h.
iinked data									consent f	or health and ecor	nomic records*
response '	16,568	13,135	14,875	11,622	9,003	11,261	9,665	8,874	9,841	8,851	8,016

#### Other data enhancements in the BCS70

- Genetic data in the BCS70
  - Available, n: 5,598

CLS | Genetic data and biological samples (ucl.ac.uk)

https://cls-genetics.github.io/

- Linked administrative data
  - Health: Hospital Episodes Statistics (HES) in England and Scottish Medical Records (SMR) https://cls.ucl.ac.uk/data-access-training/linked-data/
  - Coming soon: Employment (e.g. benefit claims, tax credits, NI contributions, income) in England via UK LLC
- Geographical data
  - e.g. electoral wards, output areas, Townsend Index of Deprivation etc
- Harmonised datasets across the cohorts
  - Socio-economic, BMI, mental health, child environment...
  - Soon health, partnerships and fertility
- COVID-19 online surveys

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- · Possible impacts of pandemic on multiple aspects of life
- Wide range of topics including family, employment, home schooling, mental health during lockdown and an open question on affects of the pandemic

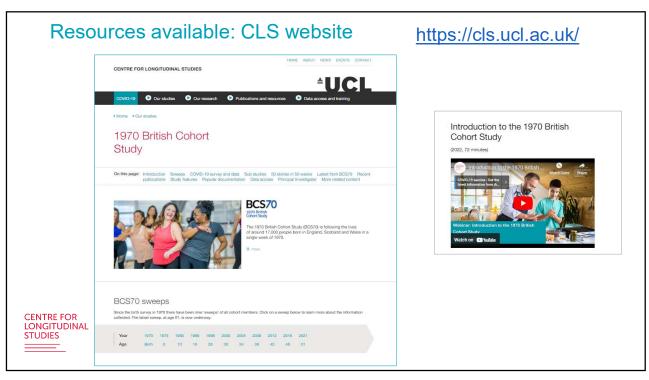
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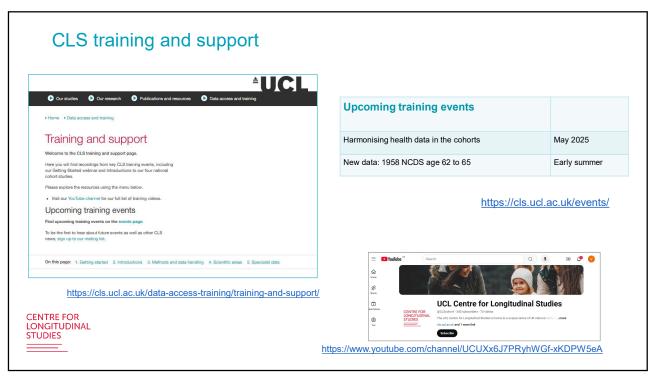
#### Resources

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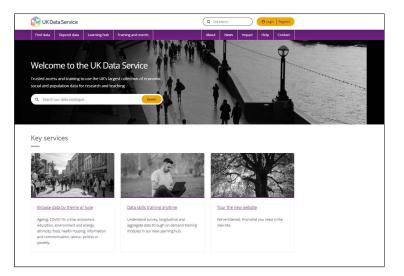






# Data <u>freely</u> available to researchers, government analysts and third sector

And most research data is accessed via the UK Data Service



UK Data Service

ukdataservice.ac.uk

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## Access to different types of data at the UKDS



Access to data held by the UK Data Service varies depending on how the data is classified:

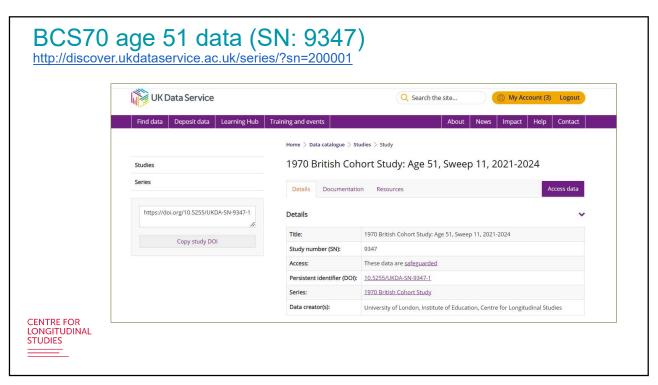
<u>Safeguarded data available under End User Licence</u> (EUL): data with a low level of sensitivity and disclosivity.

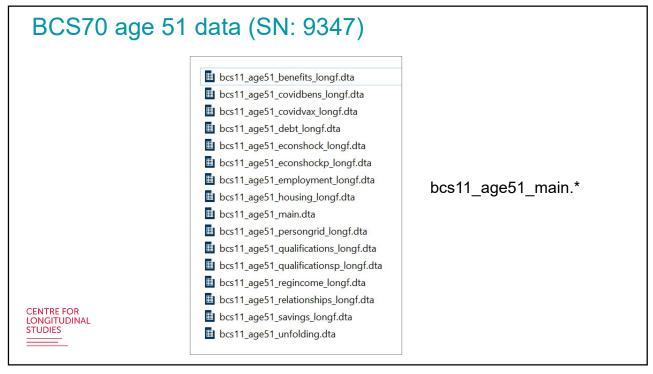
- · Most of our data are available under this licence.
- Your application is authorised directly by the UK Data Service, and you can download the data directly from there.

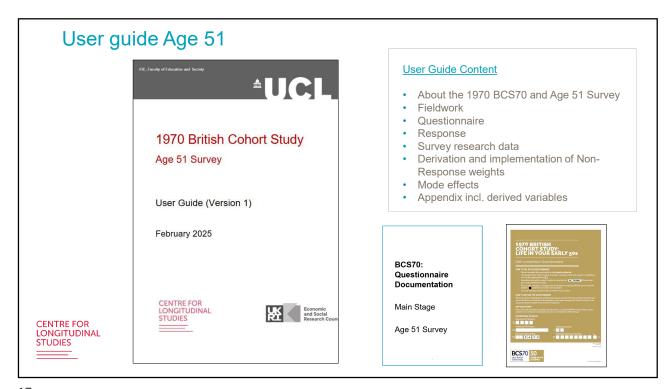
<u>Special safeguarded data available under Special Licence</u> (SL): access to moderately sensitive or disclosive data. Access through the UK Data Service and application approved by CLS before you can download the data.

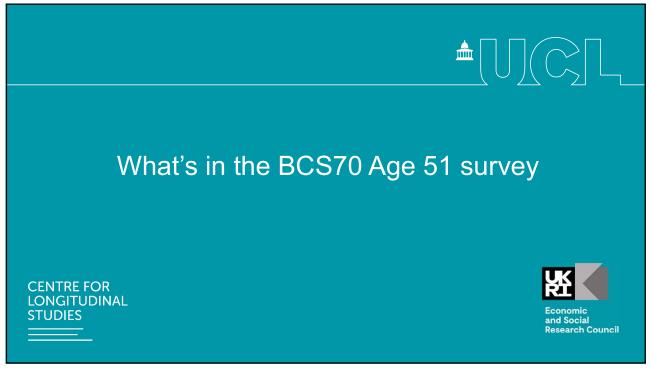
<u>Controlled data available under Secure Access Licence</u> (SA) for access to the most sensitive and/or potentially disclosive data. Access through the UK Data Service and attend a specialised training course. CLS approval and access via UK Data Service SecureLab

For details on specialist linked administrative data, genetic data and more information on data access please visit; https://cls.ucl.ac.uk/data-access-training/data-access/









## Economic activity, income and wealth

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Earnings and Income	Previous sweeps	Age 51-53
Occupation	0, 10, 16, 26, 30, 34, 38, 42, 46	51
Earnings from work	10, 16, 26, 30, 34, 38, 42, 46	51
Other income (investments, income support, benefits, etc.)	10, 30, 34, 38, 42	51
Wealth (actual): Housing Financial	42	51
<ul><li>Investments/Savings</li><li>Debt</li></ul>	34, 42, 46 42, 46	51 51
Pensions	30, 34, 42	51
Inheritance received	42	51

Parents, cohort members

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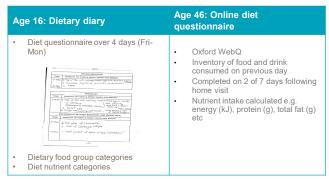
#### Overview of health measures

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Physical health measures	Previous sweeps	Age 51-53
Self assessed general health	5, 10, 16, 34, 42, 46	51
Medical conditions/ *long term illness	0, 5, 10, 16, 26, 30, 34, 38, 42, 46	51
Anthropometry (height & weight)	10,16, 26, 30, 34, 42, 46	51
Physical activity (leisure time)	5, 10, 16, 34, 42, 46	51
Diet related measures (intake, overeating)	10, 16, 30, 34, 42, 46	51
Smoking, drugs & alcohol consumption - AUDIT-PC	10, 16, 26, 30, 34, 42, 46 42, 46	51 51
Sleep	16, 42, 46	51
COVID	COVID sweeps	51
SF-36: (multi-purpose health survey – 36 items)	46	51
DNA /biomarkers	46 (genotyping & bio)	
Linked Health admin. data	England & Scotland	

## Age 51: Online dietary questionnaire (Oxford WebQ)

- Oxford WebQ developed and hosted by CEU, Oxford
- Inventory of food and drink consumed in previous 24 hours
- Completed on 1 weekday and 1 weekend day 7 days following interview
- Nutrient intake calculated e.g. energy (kJ), protein (g), total fat (g) etc



Not in first deposit - data will be available later in 2025

https://cls.ucl.ac.uk/wp-content/uploads/2020/05/BCS70-Age-16-Dietary-Diaries-User-Guide.pdf

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#### Age 51-53: Mental health scales

Mental Health measure	Previous adult sweeps	Age 51-53
Malaise Inventory: Psychological distress	16, 26, 30, 34, 42, 46	51
GHQ-12: Psychological distress	30	
Kessler (4)	34	
36 Item Short Form Survey (SF-36) – health incl. general mental health - Mental Health Inventory (MHI-5)	46	51
GAD2 General Anxiety Disorder (2)	COVID sweeps	51
PHQ2 Patient Health Questionnaire (2)	COVID sweeps	51

 Mental Health measures in childhood
 BCS70

 Rutter Behaviour Scales
 5, 10, 16

 Conners Hyperactivity Rating Scale
 10, 16

 Child Development Scale\*
 10

 Malaise Inventory: Psychological distress
 5, 16, 16

 GHQ-12: Psychological distress
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self-report and parents well-being

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#### Well-being scales in the cohorts

Well-being measure	Previous sweeps	Age 52-53
Warwick-Edinburgh Mental Wellbeing Scale (WEMWBS)	42, 46	51
Life satisfaction	26, 30, 34, 42, 46	51
Self-efficacy	26, 30, 34, 42	51
Loneliness (UCLA)	COVID sweeps	51

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## BCS70 age 51: cognitive measures



- National Adult Reading Test (NART)
  - Tests knowledge of vocabulary and premorbid ability
  - Read aloud 25 unphonetic words e.g. naive
- Immediate word-list recall
- Animal naming
- Letter cancellation
- Delayed word-list recall

(Main) cognitive ability/skill	Age 42	Age 46	Age 51
Verbal skills: APU Vocabulary test National Adult Reading Tests (NART)	Υ		Υ
Executive function: Verbal fluency (animal naming):		Υ	Υ
Memory: Immediate word recall Delayed word recall		Y Y	Y
Processing speed: Timed letter search/cancellation		Υ	Υ

#### Age 51: sensitive questions

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Domestic violence: Has a partner or ex-partner ever..... IF so: Any of these things in the last 12 months

- Harassed or bothered you via mobile phone, email or the internet
- Prevented you from having your fair share of the household money
- Used force on you
- Frightened or threatened you
- Made you engage in sex or certain sexual acts against your will
- Political attitudes and voting
- Relationships
- Share of household tasks
- Children who died
- Unsuccessful pregnancies
- Gynaecological problems
- Menstruation

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#### Age 51: some other question areas



- Life long learning
  - Types of qualifications gained
  - Academic and vocational
- Retirement
  - Worry about how much I will have to live on
  - I can't afford to put money aside for retirement at the moment
- Caring
  - Child with special needs & hours spend helping
  - Partners' health, hours spent helping partner (physical, mental, emotional or memory problem)
  - Parents (and partners' parents) alive & type of help & hours
- Social provision Scale social support
- Personality (Mini International Personality Item pool (IPIP) 20 items
- Social media use

# Examples of comparable measures in: BCS70 age 51 and 1958 NCDS age 50

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General health

SF36 (physical function)

Mental health

Cognitive function

AUDIT-PC (Alcohol Use Disorders

Identification Test)

Well-being Happiness Self-efficacy Life satisfaction

Financial circumstances

Retirement Q's

Personality

Trust

Interest in politics

Share of household tasks

Care of parents

Values

Leisure activities Neighbourhood

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## Age 51 Survey: methodology

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#### Overview

- Total number of interviews achieved = 8,016
- Fieldwork period overall ran from 2020 2024 due to COVID pandemic
  - Pilots: January to March 2020 and September to October 2020
  - Main stage (incl soft launch): June 2021 November 2023
  - Mop-up: December 2023 January 2024
- Included the following elements:
  - Cognitive assessments
  - Sensitive questions
  - Consent to take part in Online Dietary Questionnaire (ODQ)
- Data linkage consent

LONGITUDINAL Paper questionnaire

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## Overall approach and timing

January to March 2020: in-person pilot

Autumn 2020: video only pilot

Summer 2021: BCS70 video only soft launch/W1

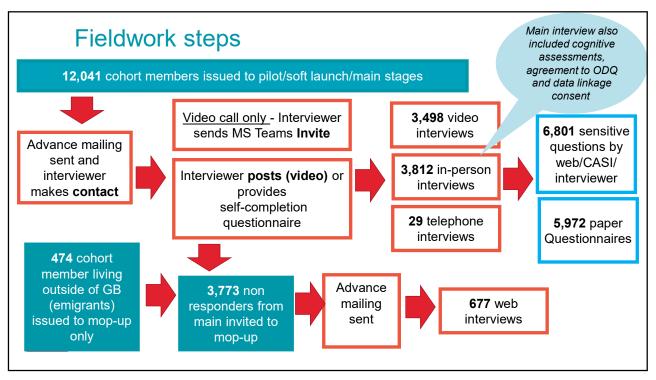
October 2021 - Spring 2022: video only main stage waves

#### **Spring 2022 – November 2023:**

**In-person with option of video call** if requested or no 'in-person' interviewer Re-issues and reallocations (video – in-person)

#### December 2023-January 2024 Mop-up:

Web only - non responders and emigrants



#### Main stage and pilots

- Interview an average of 80 minutes long administered in-person or by video (small number of cases by telephone)
- Includes proxy cases and partial interviews
- Includes the following elements:
  - Cognitive assessments
  - Sensitive questions
  - Consent to take part in Online Dietary Questionnaire (ODQ)
  - · Data linkage consent
  - Paper questionnaire
- Excludes cases living outside of GB 'emigrant' cases

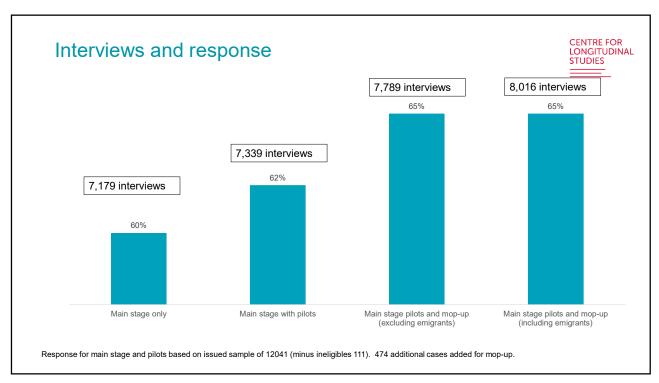
CENTRE FOR LONGITUDINAS ome adaptions made to the questionnaire between stages but data includes all stages if no significant changes to question

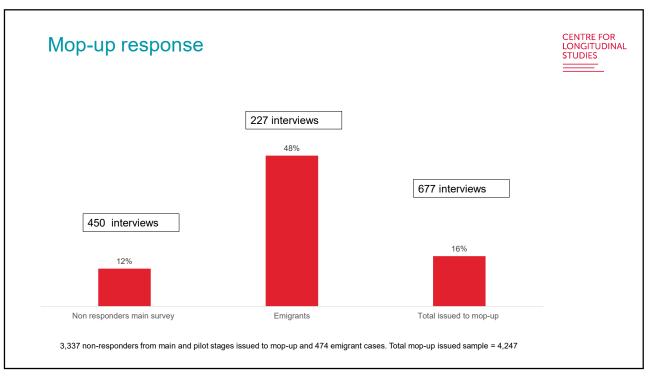
#### Mop-up

- Average of 25 minutes long administered by web survey
- Partial interviews included
- Did <u>not</u> include the following elements:
  - Cognitive assessments
  - Sensitive questions
  - Consent to take part in Online Dietary Questionnaire (ODQ)
  - Data linkage consent
  - Paper questionnaire although a small number returned and available in data
- Data from this questionnaire merged with main stage and pilot data

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## Mode of completion

Mode	Frequency	Percent
In-person interview	3,812	47.6%
Video call interview	3,498	43.6%
Telephone interview	29	0.4%
Web interview	677	8.4%
Total interviews	8,016	100%

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#### Fieldwork dates

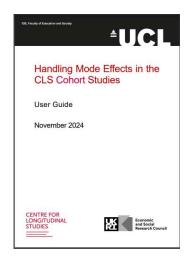
Mode	Date start	Date end
In-person	January 2020	March 2020
Video	September 2020	October 2020
Video	June 2021	September 2021
Video	October 2021	June 2022
In-person	May 2022	November 2023
Web	December 2023	January 2024
	In-person Video Video Video In-person	In-person January 2020 Video September 2020 Video June 2021 Video October 2021 In-person May 2022

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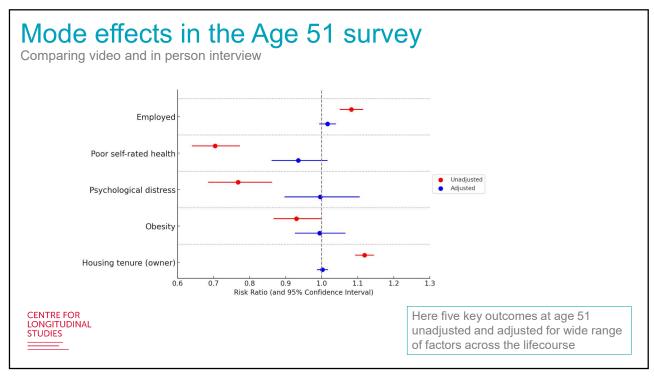
## Mode effects in the Age 51 survey

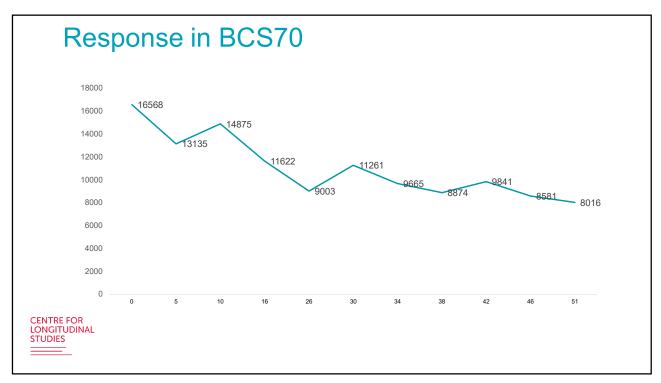
- Differences in responses between survey modes can arise due to:
  - Mode effects (i.e. measurement error caused by differences in how questions are presented), or
  - Mode selection (i.e. the differences in the types of respondents who choose each mode
- Accounting for survey mode is <u>necessary</u> when response differences are driven by mode effects (measurement error)
- Should explore for non-random allocation to survey mode – by specific characteristics (mode selection)



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Age 51 User Guide: Chapter 9





## Dealing with unit non-response in BCS70

- Non-response weights
  - Adjust the sample composition to take account of the loss of particular type of respondents.
  - Inverse probability weighting (IPW)
- Other methods e.g.multiple imputation
  - MI involves the generation of multiple copies of the dataset in each of which
    missing values are replaced by imputed values sampled from their posterior
    predictive distribution given the observed





 $\underline{\text{https://cls.ucl.ac.uk/data-access-training/handling-missing-data/}}$ 

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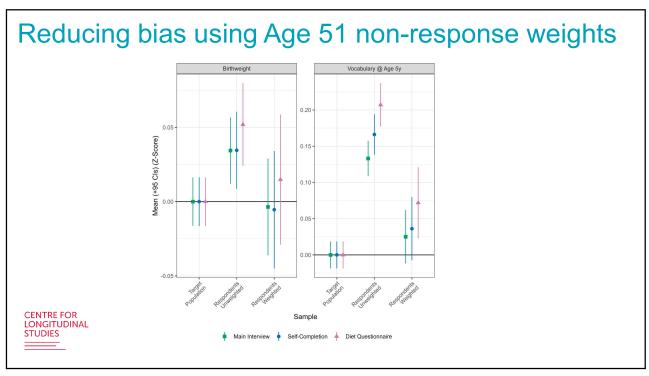
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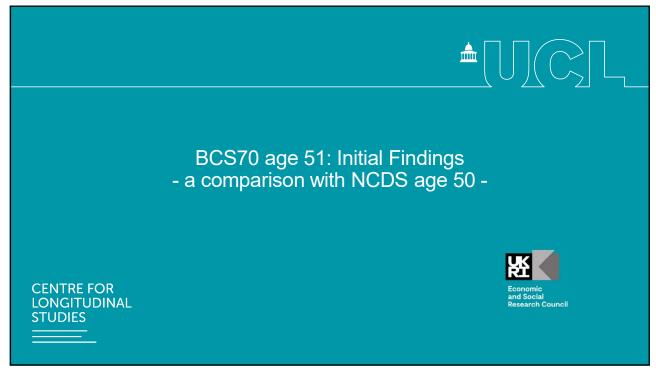
# Dealing with unit non-response in the Age 51 survey

- To correct for non-response in the Age 51 survey, non-response weights are provided
- Target population = individuals born in a week in 1970 and at the start of fieldwork (Age 51) were alive and living in Great Britain (n=15,780)
- Response is conditioned on a set of covariates informed from the CLS Missing Data Strategy (see Age 51 user guide and resources)
- Three weights (in the main data file):
  - Main survey: bd11weight\_main
  - Self-completion survey: bd11weight\_psc
  - Online dietary questionnaire: bd11weight odg

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Age 51 User Guide: Chapter 8





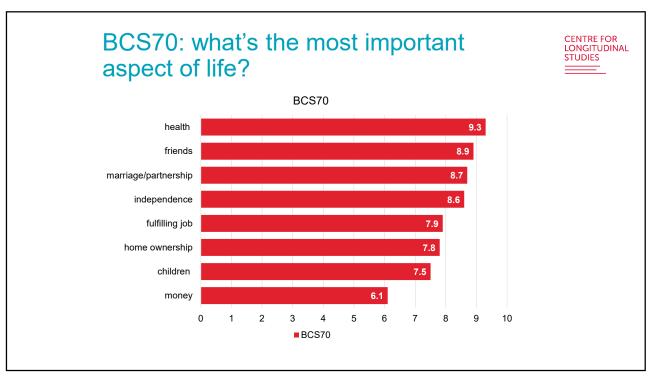
## Initial Findings: content



- What aspects of life are the most important
- Physical health
- Mental wellbeing
- Economic activity and hours worked
- Division of labour across domestic tasks

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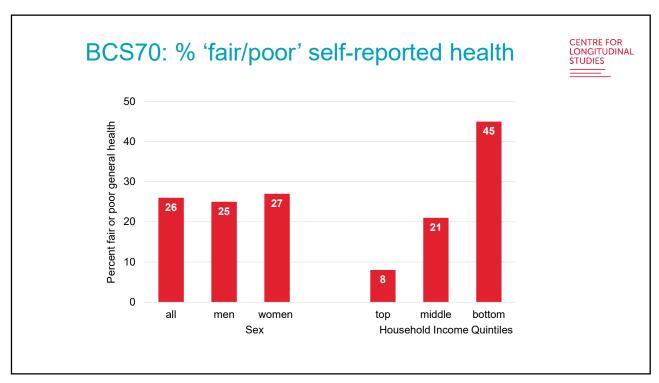


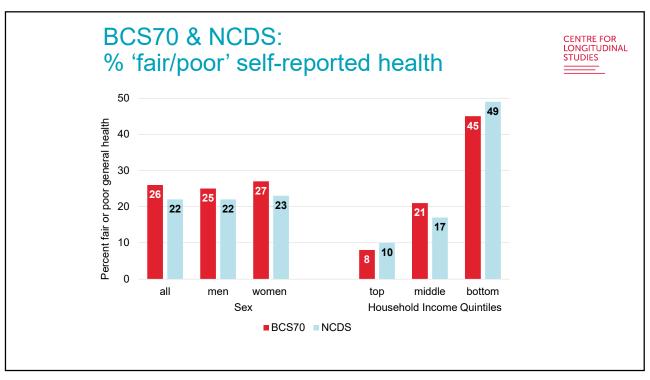
## **Physical health measures**

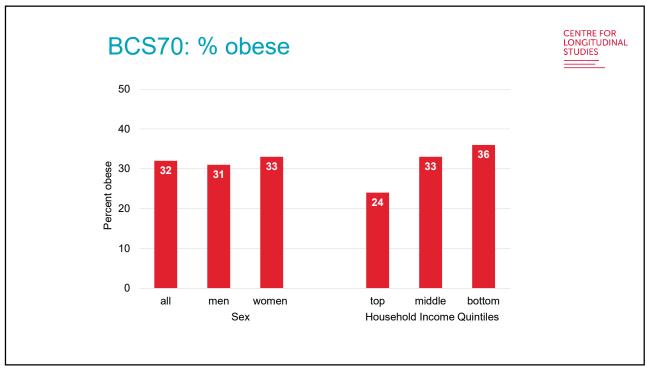


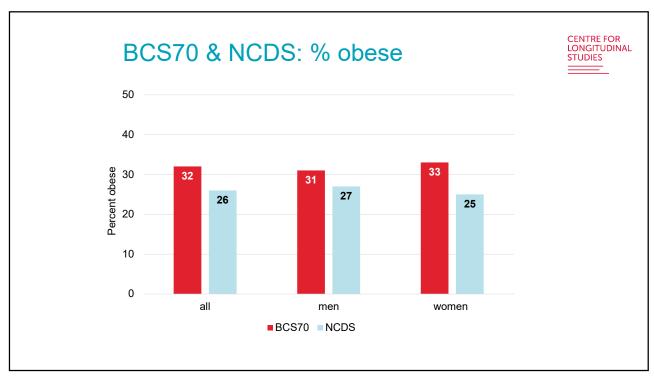
- General Health: excellent good average fair poor
  - comparing those with 'excellent', 'very good' or 'average' health vs 'fair' or 'poor' health
- Prevalence of obesity
- Prevalence of diabetes

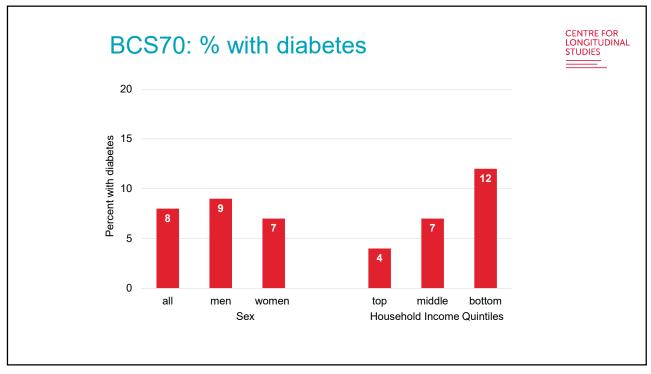
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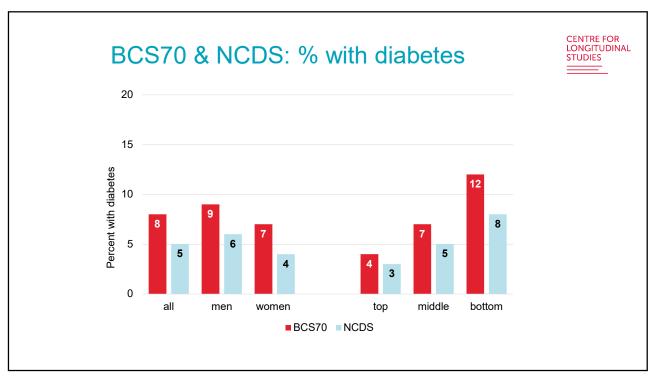














#### Mental health measures

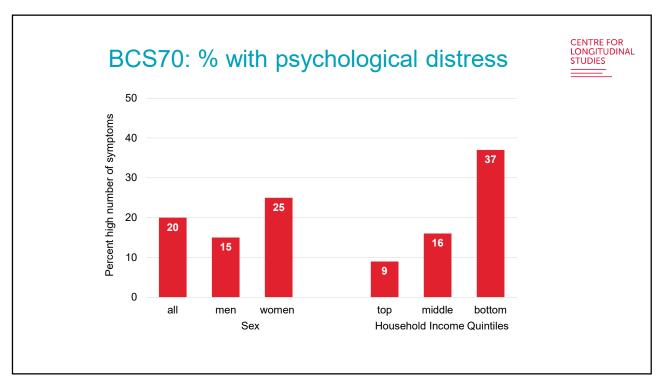
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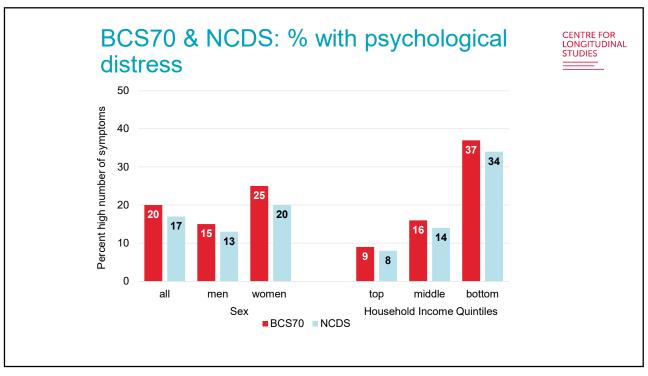
- Malaise: (shortened) 9-question inventory
  - a score range of 0-9 with 4+ indicating a high number of symptoms associated with psychological distress

The 9 questions are:

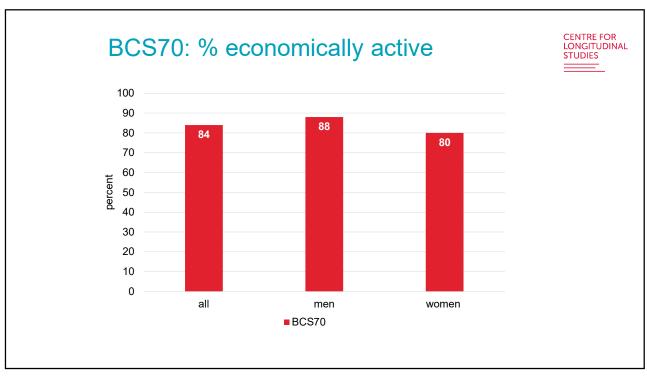
- · Do you feel tired most of the time?
- Do you often feel miserable or depressed?
- · Do you often get worried about things?
- Do you often get in a violent rage?
- Do you often suddenly become scared for no good reason?
- · Are you easily upset or irritated?
- Are you constantly keyed up and jittery?
- Does every little thing get on your nerves and wear you out?
- Does your heart often race like mad?

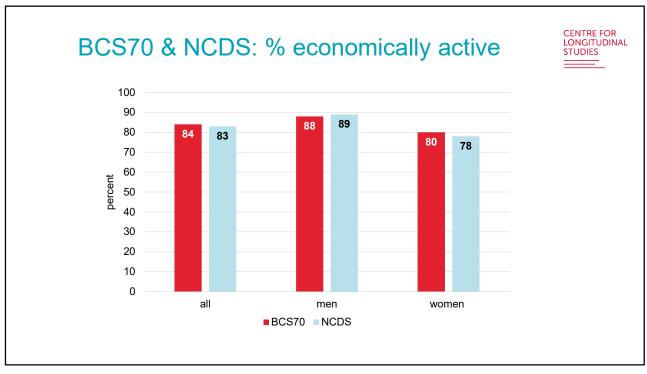
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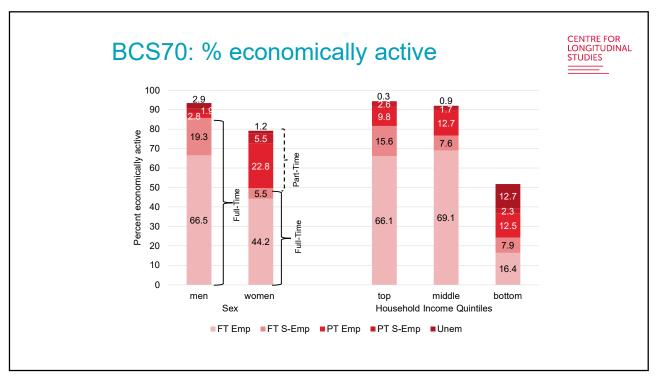


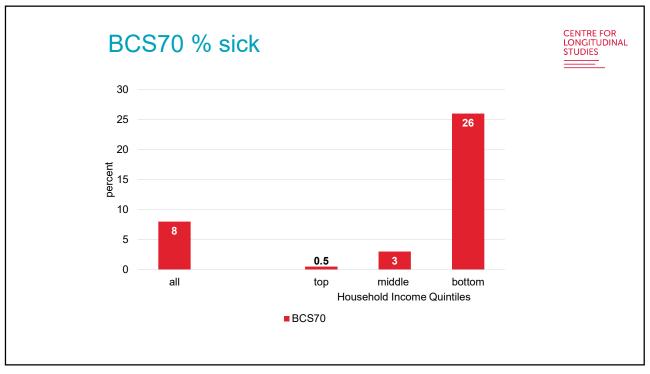




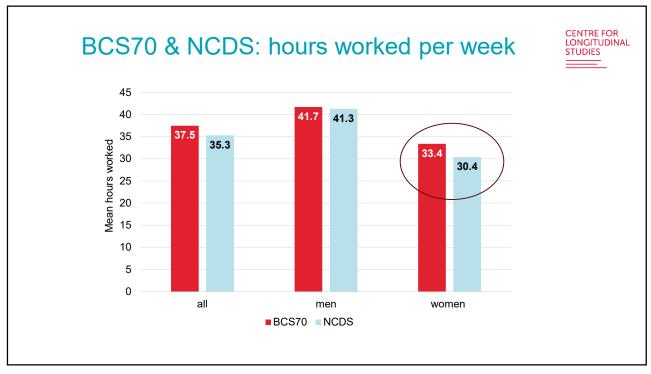




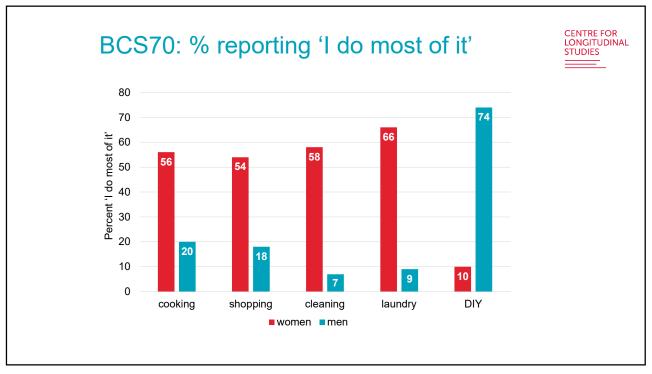


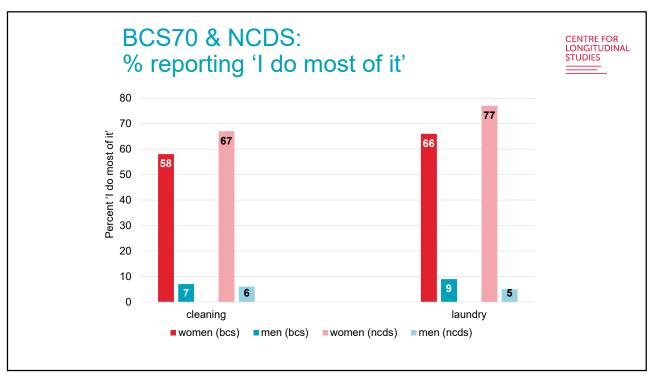














#### **Summary of initial findings (1)**

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- Good health matters most and money matters least
- Poor physical health is far more prominent in low-income households in both generations
- Levels of obesity and diabetes have increased in the 1970 cohort, and most of all among low-income households (diabetes)
- Psychological distress has increased in the 1970 cohort, particularly among women
  - Psychological distress is 4x higher in low-income households on both generations

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#### **Summary of initial findings (2)**



- Proportions of 51-year-olds economically active in the 1970 cohort are very similar to 50-year-olds in the 1958 cohort
  - CMs in bottom income households are far less likely to be economically active, with higher rates of unemployment or being out of work due to poor health
  - Women in the 1970 cohort work 3 hours more per week than women in the 1958 cohort at 50, but domestic tasks remain firmly "women's work"